FY2024 Financial Results

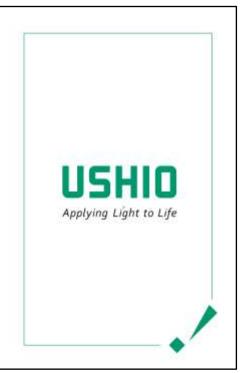
Ushio Inc.

May 13, 2025

Note: This document has been translated from the Japanese original for reference purposes only. In the event of any discrepancy between this translated document and the Japanese original, the original shall prevail.

Copyright © 2025 Ushio Inc., All Rights Reserved

- * Amounts in the material have been rounded down to the hundred millions of yen.
- * Sales to external customers and operating profit as a percentage of sales to external customers are shown
- * FY2024 starts from April 1st, 2024 through March 31st, 2025.



I am Asahi, President and CEO of Ushio Inc.

Thank you for joining our financial results briefing for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2025, despite your busy schedule.

I will explain the financial results based on the materials disclosed on our website today.

Highlights of Today's Presentation



FY2024 Results:

- · While down year-on-year, revenues and earnings exceeded forecasts
 - Improved profitability by enhancing efficiency through strategic business selection
 - Investment deferrals owing to semiconductor market downturn hampered performance
 - Lifted forward growth investments
 - Posted valuation losses associated with business portfolio revamp
- Inventory reduction progressed through enhanced balance sheet management, leading to improved free cash flow

FY2025 Forecasts:

- · Looking to increase earnings on structural reforms
- · Generate shareholder returns in line with New Growth Strategy

Progress with New Growth Strategies*:

- · Business portfolio revamp progressing steadily
- · Maintaining management policies and numerical targets
- For details, please see Progress Report on New Growth Strategy: https://www.ushio.co.jp/en/ir/library/brief note/

Copyright © 2025 Ushio Inc., All Rights Reserved

ed

There are three points I want to share today.

Although our FY2024 results showed a decline in both sales and profits, we exceeded our initial plan and revised forecasts in both revenue and earnings. We expanded forward investments for future growth, but improved profitability through strategic business selection.

Also, due to time constraints, I will omit detailed explanations today, but we made progress in reducing inventory through enhanced balance sheet management, which improved free cash flow.

For fiscal year 2025, we are planning for lower sales but higher profits. Regarding shareholder returns, we intend to implement them in line with our New Growth Strategy.

Later, I will explain the progress made in the first year of New Growth Strategy and our future direction.

Now, let me explain financial results for FY2024.

(Move on to slide 4)

USHIO

- I. Financial Results for FY2024
- II. Full-Year Forecasts for FY2025
- III. Supplementary Information

USHIO FY2024: Summary of Financial Results YoY Comparison: -1.8 billion yen (-1.0%) - Industrial Processes business: Revenues dropped on semiconductor **Net Sales** market downturn 177.6 billion yen - Visual Imaging business: Weaker yen boosted revenues YoY Comparison: -4.1 billion yen (-32.0%) - Posted inventory write-down losses associated with business portfolio **Operating Profit** revamp 8.8 billion yen - Expanded forward investments YoY Comparison: -3.9 billion yen (-37.0%) **Profit Attributable** Extraordinary income to Owners of Gain on sale of investment securities: 9.5 billion yen (FY2023: 7.0 billion yen) **Parent** Extraordinary loss 6.7 billion yen - Business restructuring expenses: 5.7 billion yen (FY2023: -) - Impairment losses: 1.1 billion yen (FY2023: 7.1 billion yen) Copyright © 2025 Ushio Inc., All Rights Reserved

Regarding FY2024 results, net sales decreased by 1.8 billion yen, operating profit declined by 4.1 billion yen, and profit attributable to owners of parent decreased by 3.9 billion yen.

Net sales declined due to lower sales of lithography equipment amid the downturn in the semiconductor market.

Operating profit decreased due to the sales decline, inventory write-down losses associated with business portfolio revamp, and expanded forward investments for future growth.

Profit attributable to owners of parent declined despite recording gains on sales of investment securities, due to business restructuring expenses.

Both net sales and operating profit exceeded our previous forecasts. Details will be explained later on the segment performance page.

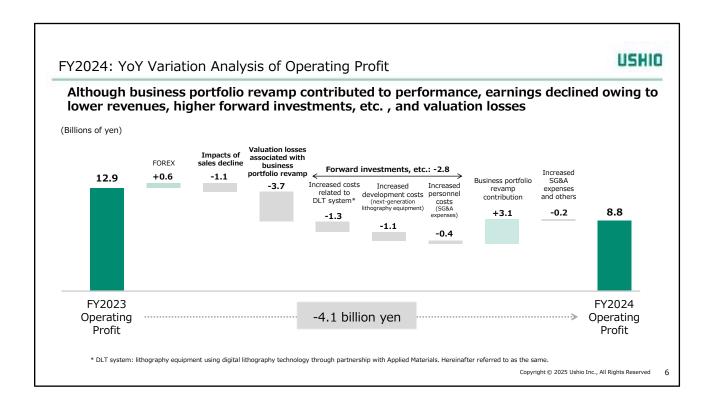
Next, I will explain the factors behind the changes in operating profit using a step chart.

(Move on to slide 6)

FY2024: Financial Highlights

	_	-		de
		ш		
	_	п		
_			•	-

		FY2023	FY2024 Results	YoY Com	parison	Forecasts	Comparison (with forecasts)	
(Billio	ons of yen)	Results		Changes	(%)	(11/6/2024)	Changes	Achievement (%)
Net Sale	S	179.4	177.6	-1.8	-1.0%	175.0	+2.6	101.5%
Operatin	g Profit	12.9	8.8	-4.1	-32.0%	7.5	+1.3	117.7%
Operating I	Margin	7.2%	5.0%	-2.3P	-	4.3%	+0.7P	-
Ordinary	Profit	16.0	12.4	-3.6	-22.6%	9.5	+2.9	131.1%
Profit Attrib Owners of		10.7	6.7	-3.9	-37.0%	6.0	+0.7	113.3%
EPS (yen)		97.22	70.27	-26.95	-27.7%	62.39	+7.88	112.6%
ROE		4.5%	3.1%	-1.4P	-	2.7%	+0.4P	-
FOREX rate	USD	144	153	+9	-	150	+3	-
(yen)	EUR	156	164	+8	-	161	+3	-
						Copyri	ight © 2025 Ushio Inc.	, All Rights Reserved



The main factors behind the 4.1 billion yen decrease in operating profit were an 1.1 billion yen decline due to lower sales, a 3.7 billion yen inventory write-down losses associated with our business portfolio revamp, and a 2.8 billion yen increase in forward investments for future growth.

On the other hand, the business portfolio revamp has started to yield results, contributing a 3.1 billion yen increase in profit.

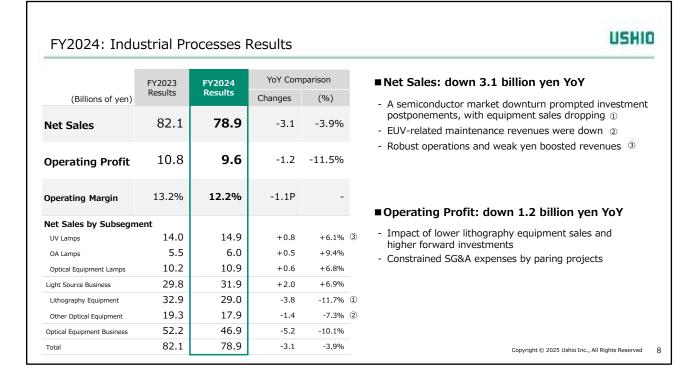
Next, I will explain the performance by segment.

Y2024: F	inancial Result	ts by Busir	ness Segme	ent				USHI
		FY2023	FY2024 Results	YoY comparison		Forecasts	Comparison (with forecasts)	
	(Billions of yen)	Results		Changes	(%)	(11/6/2024)	Changes	Achievemer (%)
Industrial	Net Sales	82.1	78.9	-3.1	-3.9%	80.0	-1.0	98.7%
Processes	Operating Profit [Operating Margin]	10.8 [13.2%]	9.6 [12.2%]	-1.2 [-1.1P]	-11.5%	7.5 [9.4%]	+2.1 [+2.8P]	128.3%
Visual	Net Sales	80.5	80.8	+0.3	+0.5%	78.0	+2.8	103.79
Imaging	Operating Profit [Operating Margin]	5.8 [7.3%]	0.7 [0.9%]	-5.1 [-6.4P]	-87.6% -	2.0 [2.6%]	-1.2 [-1.7P]	36.5%
Life Sciences	Net Sales	5.2	6.1	+0.8	+17.2%	5.5	+0.6	111.19
	Operating Profit [Operating Margin]	-2.3 [-44.7%]	-1.0 [-17.7%]	+1.2 [+27.0P]	-	-1.4 [-25.5%]	+0.3 [+7.8P]	
Photonics	Net Sales	10.2	10.3	+0.0	+0.7%	10.0	+0.3	103.19
Solutions	Operating Profit [Operating Margin]	-1.5 [-14.8%]	-0.4 [-4.0%]	+1.0 [+10.7P]	-	-0.6 [-6.0%]	+0.1 [+2.0P]	
Others	Net Sales	1.3	1.3	+0.0	+5.2%	1.5	-0.1	91.69
	Operating Profit [Operating Margin]	0.1 [10.4%]	0.0 [6.0%]	-0.0 [-4.4P]	-39.4%	0.0 [0.0%]	+0.0 [+6.0P]	
Total	Net Sales	179.4	177.6	-1.8	-1.0%	175.0	+2.6	101.59
	Operating Profit [Operating Margin]	12.9 [7.2%]	8.8 [5.0%]	-4.1 [-2.3P]	-32.0%	7.5 [4.3%]	+1.3 [+0.7P]	117.79

I will provide detailed explanations for each segment regarding FY2024 results shortly.

Compared to the previous forecast, additional revenue was recognized due to contract changes in some lithography equipment deals. Furthermore, cost control measures were advanced, and operating losses caused by low utilization were mitigated, leading to improved profit margins.

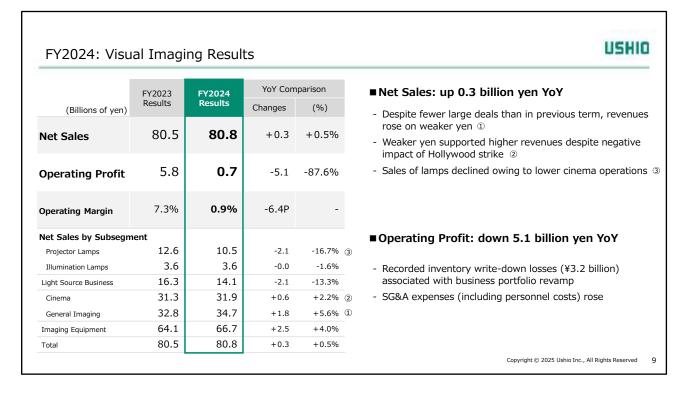
In Visual Imaging business, sales increased due to the weaker yen, but operating profit fell short of the forecast due to a one-time inventory write-down loss recorded in Q4.



Next, I will explain the performance by segment. First, Industrial Processes business.

Net sales decreased by 3.1 billion yen due to lower sales of lithography equipment and reduced maintenance revenue for EUV.

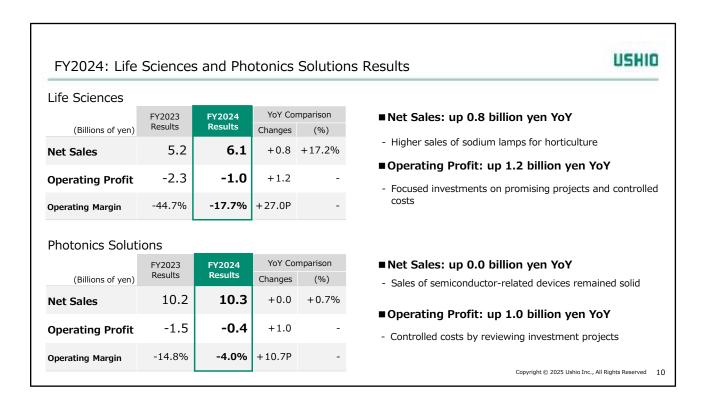
Operating profit declined by 1.2 billion yen. Although cost control was achieved by narrowing down EUV development projects, the decrease in lithography equipment sales and expanded forward investments led to the profit decline.



Next is Visual Imaging business.

Net sales slightly increased due to the weaker yen, despite a decline in unit sales caused by fewer large deals compared to the previous fiscal year and the impact of the Hollywood strike.

On the other hand, operating profit decreased by 5.1 billion yen due to a one-time inventory write-down loss of 3.2 billion yen.



Next is the Life Sciences business.

Net sales increased by ¥0.4 billion, driven by higher sales of sodium lamps for horticultural applications.

Operating profit rose by ¥0.8 billion as we controlled costs by focusing investments on promising projects after assessing new business opportunities.

Finally, the Photonics Solutions business.

Net sales decreased by ¥0.3 billion due to a decline in module sales for industrial applications.

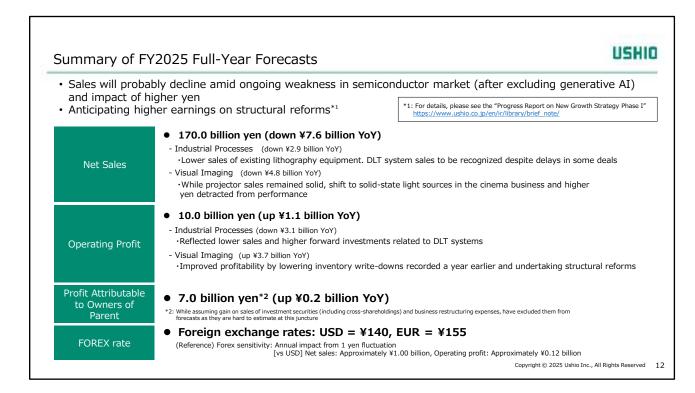
Operating profit, however, increased by ¥0.5 billion as we controlled costs by reviewing investment projects.

Now, let me move on to the full-year forecast.

(Move on to slide 12)



- I. Financial Results for FY2024
- II. Full-Year Forecasts for FY2025
- III. Supplementary Information



The full-year forecast for fiscal year 2025 anticipates lower sales but higher profits.

Net sales are expected to decline due to the continued weakness in the semiconductor market excluding generative AI, as well as the impact of higher yen. Operating profit is projected to increase despite higher forward investments related to DLT systems, thanks to further structural reforms.

In line with the New Growth Strategy, gains on sales of investment securities and business restructuring expenses related to the expansion of the Second Life Support Program and structural reforms are expected. However, these are excluded from the forecast as they are difficult to estimate at this juncture.

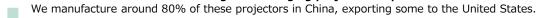
The foreign exchange assumptions are 140 yen to the US dollar and 155 yen to the euro.

Business Impact of U.S. Tariffs



Key risks and responses

Risk 1: Additional tariffs on cinema and general imaging projectors exported to United States



Response: Mitigate impact by lifting production ratio in Canada, which currently accounts for around 20% of

Risk 2: Additional tariffs on light source exports to United States

Mainly produce these offerings in Japan and the Philippines, shipping some to the United States

Response: Alleviate impact by adjusting prices to pass on costs

Risk 3: Key indirect impact concerns

· Delayed or standstill investment decisions in semiconductor sector in response to uncertainties surrounding tariff and other developments

· Impacts of tariffs on foreign films on U.S. cinema operations and Hollywood film production

Forecasts reflect some but not all impacts owing to high uncertainty

We will keep monitoring trends and act as necessary to minimize their impacts on performance

Regarding the impact of U.S. tariff measures on our business, it mainly affects Visual Imaging and light source businesses.

However, we believe we can mitigate these impacts through measures such as optimizing production sites and passing on costs through price adjustments. Therefore, the full-year forecast for FY2025 does not significantly factor in the impact of tariff measures.

As indirect impacts, there are concerns about delayed or stalled investment decisions in the semiconductor industry due to uncertainties surrounding tariff and other developments.

Additionally, impacts on U.S. cinema operations and Hollywood film production stemming from tariffs on foreign films are anticipated.

While some of these impacts are reflected in the forecast, most remain highly uncertain and are not factored into.

We will continue to closely monitor these trends and take actions to minimize their impact on our performance.

Next, I will explain the breakdown of the forecasted increase in operating profit for FY2025.

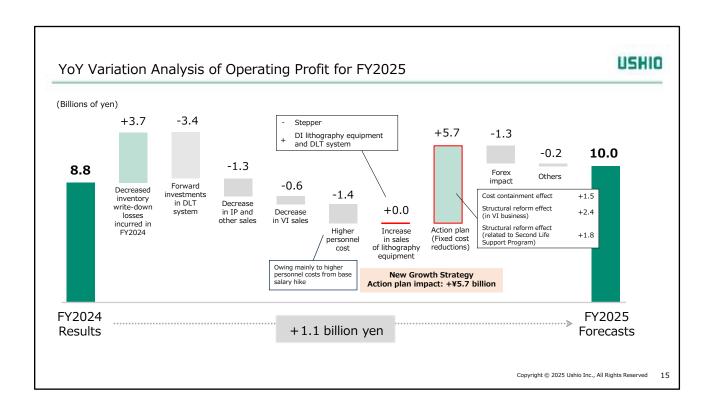
(Move on to slide 15)



FY2025 Full-Year Forecasts: Summary

		FY2024	FY2025	YoY Con	nparison
(Bill	ions of yen)	Results	Forecasts	Changes	(%)
Net Sales		177.6	170.0	-7.6	-4.3%
Operating Profit		8.8	10.0	+1.1	+13.3%
Operating Margin		5.0%	5.9%	+0.9P	-
Ordinary Profit		12.4	10.5	-1.9	-15.7%
Profit Attributable to Owners of Parent		6.7	7.0	+0.2	+3.0%
EPS (yen)		70.27	79.45	+9.18	+13.1%
ROE		3.1%	3.5%	+0.4P	-
Annual dividend (yen)		70	70	-	-
FOREX rate	USD	153	140	-13	-
(yen)	EUR	164	155	-9	-

(Reference) Forex sensitivity: Annual impact from 1 yen fluctuation
[vs USD] Net Sales: Approximately ¥1.00 billion, Operating profit: Approximately ¥0.12 billion



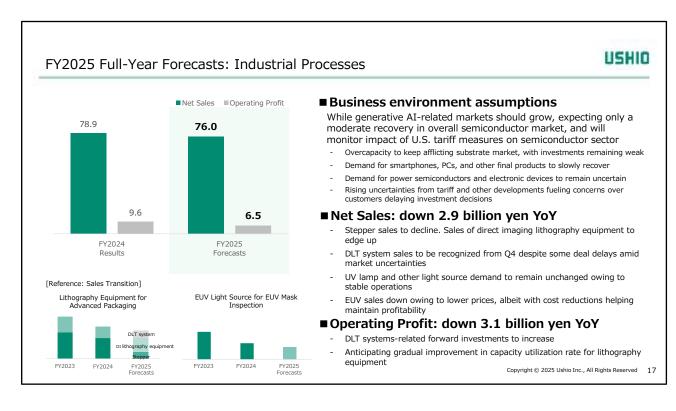
The factors behind the 1.1 billion yen increase in operating profit include expected decreases in profit due to a 3.4 billion yen increase in forward investments related to DLT system, a 1.4 billion yen rise in personnel cost from base salary hike, and a 1.3 billion yen negative impact from higher yen.

On the other hand, we anticipate an overall profit increase thanks to a 3.7 billion yen reduction in inventory write-down losses recorded in FY2024, along with a 5.7 billion yen fixed cost reduction effect from the structural reform action plan.

I will explain the fixed cost reduction action plan in more detail later in the New Growth Strategy progress report section.

FY2024 Results 78.9 9.6 [12.2%] 80.8 0.7 [0.9%] 6.1 -1.0	FY2025 Forecasts 76.0 6.5 [8.6%] 76.0 4.5 [5.9%] 6.0	YoY Compa Changes -2.9 -3.1 [-3.6P] -4.8 +3.7 [+5.0P]	-3.7% -32.5% -6.1% +516.7%
78.9 9.6 [12.2%] 80.8 0.7 [0.9%] 6.1	76.0 6.5 [8.6%] 76.0 4.5 [5.9%]	-2.9 -3.1 [-3.6P] -4.8 +3.7 [+5.0P]	-3.7% -32.5% - -6.1%
9.6 [12.2%] 80.8 0.7 [0.9%] 6.1	6.5 [8.6%] 76.0 4.5 [5.9%]	-3.1 [-3.6P] -4.8 +3.7 [+5.0P]	-32.5% - -6.1%
[12.2%] 80.8 0.7 [0.9%] 6.1	[8.6%] 76.0 4.5 [5.9%]	[-3.6P] -4.8 +3.7 [+5.0P]	-6.1%
0.7 [0.9%] 6.1	4.5 [5.9%]	+3.7 [+5.0P]	
[0.9%]	[5.9%]	[+5.0P]	+516.7%
	6.0	0.1	
1.0		-0.1	-1.8%
[-17.7%]	-0.6 [-10.0%]	+ 0.4 [+7.7P]	
10.3	10.5	+0.1	+1.8%
-0.4 [-4.0%]	-0.4 [-3.8%]	+0.0 [+0.2P]	-
1.3	1.5	+0.1	+9.2%
0.0 [6.0%]	0.0 [0.0%]	-0.0 [-6.0P]	-
177.6	170.0	-7.6	-4.3%
	10.3 -0.4 [-4.0%] 1.3 0.0 [6.0%]	10.3 10.5 -0.4 -0.4 [-4.0%] [-3.8%] 1.3 1.5 0.0 0.0 [6.0%] [0.0%]	10.3

The forecasts for FY2025 by business segment are as shown. I will provide detailed explanations on the following pages.



Industrial Processes business is expected to see a decline in both sales and profits compared to the previous fiscal year.

Although there are signs of recovery in the semiconductor market, the substrate market continues to face overcapacity, and investments are expected to remain sluggish.

Additionally, uncertainties surrounding U.S. tariff and other developments have raised concerns about delays in customers' investment decisions.

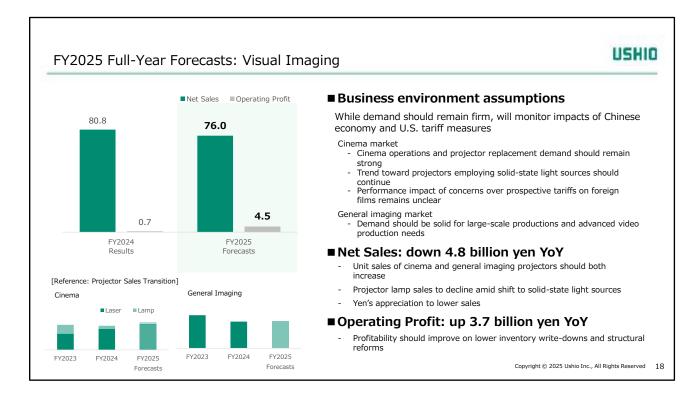
Against this backdrop, sales of stepper are expected to decline, resulting in lower net sales.

Sales of direct imaging lithography equipment are projected to slightly increase due to a moderate recovery in smartphones and other devices.

Sales of DLT system are expected to be recognized from Q4, but amid the current uncertain market environment, customers' cautious investment decisions have led to delays in some deals.

Operating profit is expected to decline due to increased forward investments related to DLT system.

Looking ahead to FY2026, we anticipate improvements in these conditions, including the resolution of overcapacity in the substrate market and increased sales of DLT system. This is expected to lead to improved production utilization, which has been sluggish. Details will be explained later in the "Progress Report on New Growth Strategy."



Visual Imaging business is expected to see lower sales but higher profits compared to the previous fiscal year.

In the cinema market, the impact of the Hollywood strike has been resolved, and replacement demand at movie theaters is expected to remain strong. Demand in the general imaging market is also expected to remain solid, leading to increased projector sales.

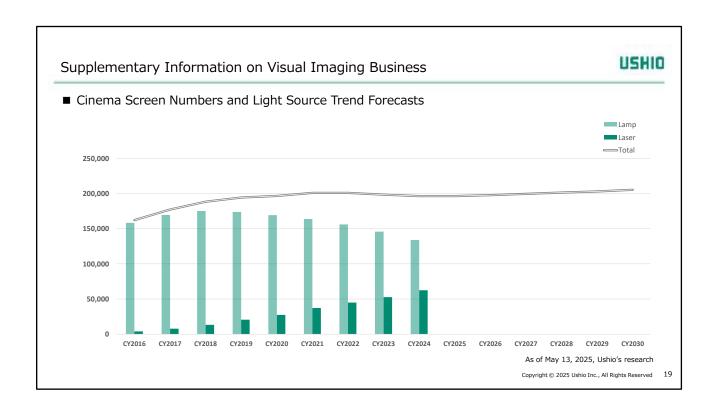
However, due to the shift to solid-state light sources in projectors, lamp sales are expected to decline, and higher yen will have a negative impact, resulting in an overall decrease in net sales.

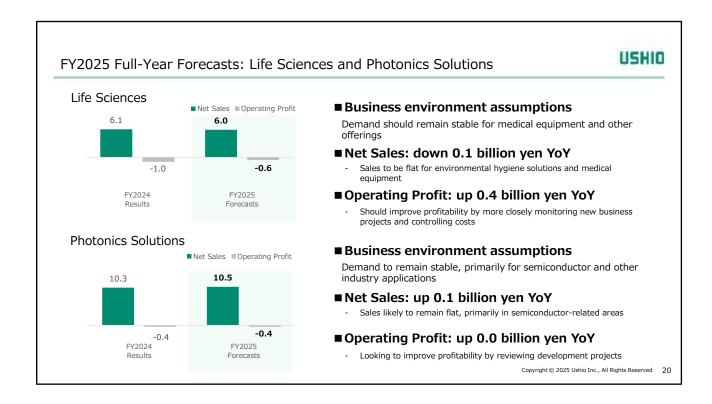
The following page includes forecasts for the number of cinema screens going forward, so please refer to it later.

Although concerns remain over prospective tariff on foreign films, its impact on our performance is uncertain and therefore not factored into the forecast.

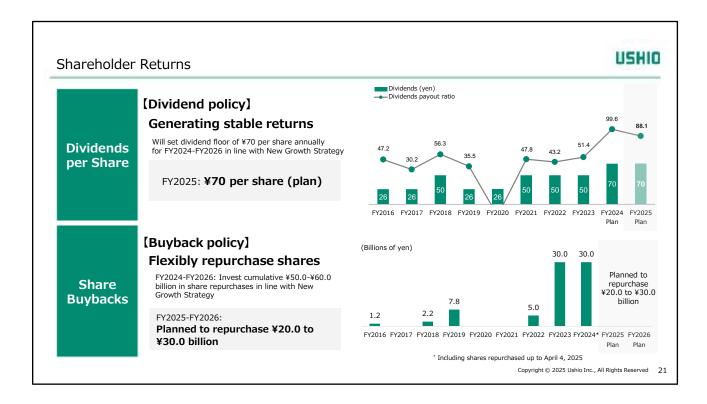
Operating profit is expected to increase as lower inventory write-down losses recorded in the previous fiscal year and structural reforms contribute to improved profitability.

(Move on to slide 20.)





The Life Sciences and Photonics Solutions businesses are expected to see net sales remain largely flat with no significant changes. Operating profit is projected to increase as we continue to improve profitability through selective focus on a project-by-project basis.



Regarding shareholder returns for FY2025, we plan to implement them in accordance with New Growth Strategy.

We intend to maintain a dividend floor of 70 yen per share. Regarding share buybacks, we plan to execute the remaining 20 to 30 billion yen over FY2025 and FY2026, in line with New Growth Strategy. However, for this year's buybacks, as we are currently considering the implementation of various measures under New Growth Strategy, we plan to commence at an appropriate timing in the future.

This concludes my explanation of FY2024 results and FY2025 forecasts.

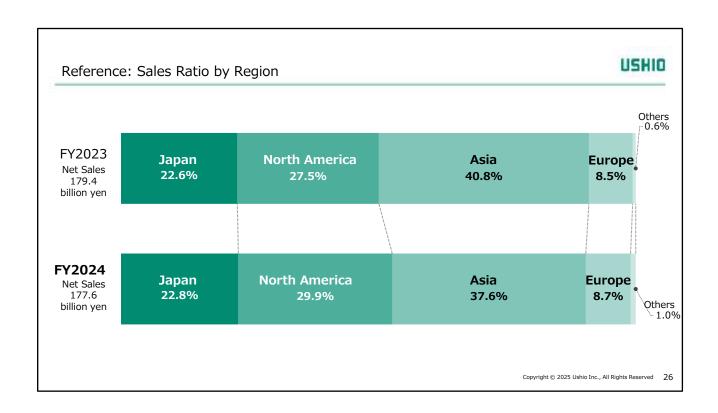
USHIO

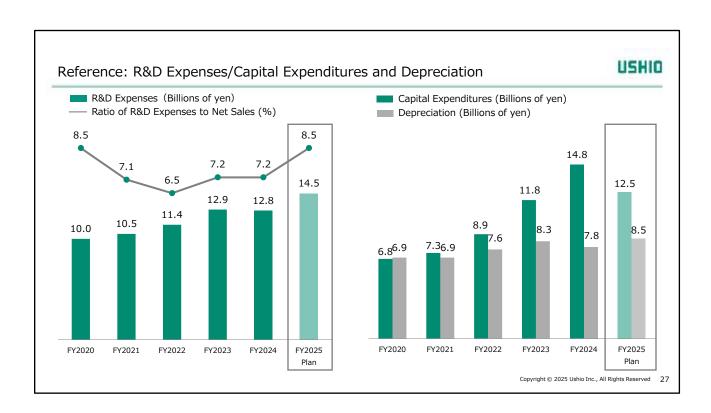
- I. Financial Results for FY2024
- II. Full-Year Forecasts for FY2025
- III. Supplementary Information

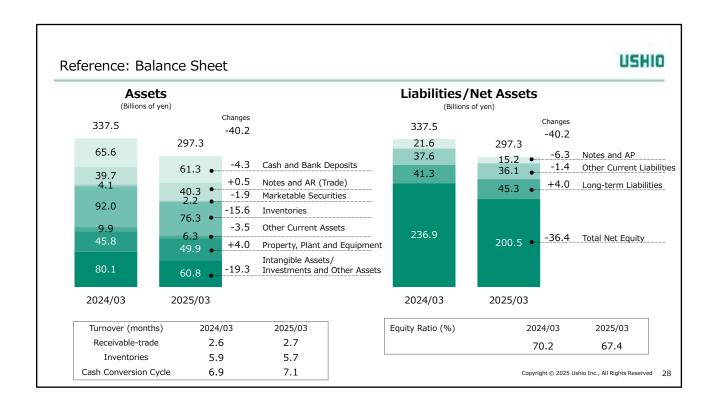
USHIO (New) Business Segments and Main Products **New Business Main Products Product Examples** Segment Light Source: UV lamps, OA lamps, Optical equipment lamps, etc. **Industrial** Equipment: Lithography equipment, Curing equipment, EUV light source for **Processes** Direct imaging lithography equipment EUV light source for EUV mask inspection UV lamps OA lamps Stepper mask inspection, Maintenance service etc. Liaht Source: Cinema lamps, Data projector lamps, etc. Visual Equipment: Digital cinema projectors, **Imaging** Projectors for general imaging, Peripheral equipment, Cinema lamps Data projector lamps Digital cinema projector Projectors for general imaging LED wall display Peripheral equipment Maintenance, etc. Light Source: Care222 related products **Life Sciences** Equipment: UV Medical Devices, UV Medical Devices "TheraBeam series" Devices using "Care222," Filtered Far UV Technology etc. **Photonics** Light Source: Solid-state light Solid-state light sources (LD/LED) Solutions sources (Laser Diode/LED) Laser module Copyright © 2025 Ushio Inc., All Rights Reserved 23

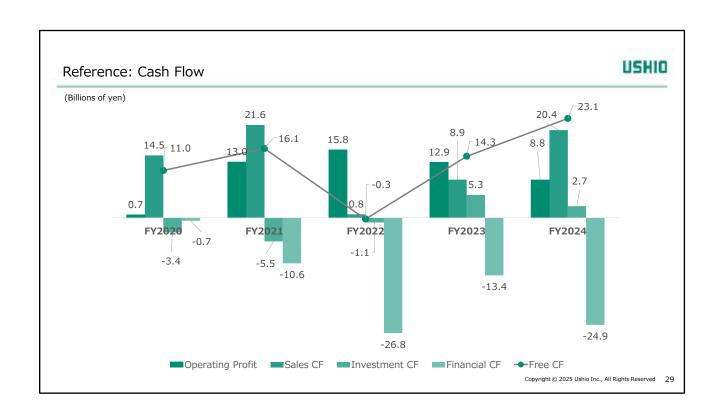
USHIO Reference: Summary of Quarterly Financial Results FY2023 FY2024 YoY Comparison Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4 Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4 Changes (%) (Billions of yen) 39.2 45.7 47.5 46.9 37.5 48.1 42.4 49.5 **Net Sales** +2.6 +5.6% Operating 2.0 2.9 5.2 2.7 0.3 3.9 3.1 1.4 -1.3 -48.3% Profit Operating 5.2% 6.4% 11.0% 5.9% 0.9% 8.2% 7.4% 2.9% -3.0P Margin 2.8 3.4 6.3 3.4 1.4 3.9 5.0 1.9 -1.4 -42.7% Ordinary Profit Profit Attributable 1.7 2.4 4.4 2.0 0.2 2.0 3.4 1.0 -1.0 -49.9% to Owners of Parent 15.36 21.65 40.72 20.06 2.92 20.26 36.07 11.56 -8.50 -42.4% EPS (yen) 144 149 147 155 153 149 +7 USD 136 154 FOREX rate (yen) 148 158 159 160 167 166 162 160 +0 EUR Copyright © 2025 Ushio Inc., All Rights Reserved 24

USHIO Reference: Summary of Quarterly Financial Results by Business Segments FY2023 YoY Comparison FY2024 (Billions of yen) Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4 Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4 Changes (%) Net Sales 17.4 20.3 22.5 21.7 15.5 22.0 17.0 24.3 +2.5 +11.7% **Industrial** 4.1 Operating profit 2.2 1.7 4.0 2.8 1.0 1.8 2.5 -0.3 -11.2% **Processes** 13.1% 10.9% 10.4% Operating Margin 12.9% 8.4% 18.1% 6.7% 19.1% -2.7P 20.3 21.2 20.5 -0.7 Net Sales 17.6 21.2 17.5 21.6 21.1 -3.6% Visual 0.6 2.3 1.5 1.2 -0.4 0.3 1.5 -0.7 -2.0 Operating profit **Imaging** 3.5% 11.2% 7.8% 6.1% -2.7% 7.5% -3.5% 1.6% -9.6P Operating Margin 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.1 1.5 1.4 +0.4 +34.8% 1.5 1.6 Net Sales Life Operating profit -0.4 -0.7 -0.4 -0.6 -0.1 -0.3 -0.2 -0.2 +0.3 Sciences -32.7% -57.1% -36.1% -54.6% -11.1% -25.4% -16.7% -17.6% +37.0P Operating Margin 2.5 2.5 2.8 2.3 2.5 2.5 2.4 +0.3 +16.6% Net Sales 2.6 **Photonics** -0.3 -0.3 -0.1 -0.6 -0.0 -0.2 -0.0 -0.0 +0.5 Operating profit **Solutions** -12.9% -14.9% -5.0% -28.9% -2.3% -8.6% -2.0% -3.1% +25.8P Operating Margin Net Sales 0.2 0.3 0.3 0.3 0.2 0.3 0.3 0.3 +0.0 +10.2% Others Operating profit -0.0 -0.0 0.1 0.0 0.0 0.0 -0.0 0.0 -0.0 -37.9% Operating Margin -22.9% -16.7% 51.7% 23.5% 1.1% 8.8% -0.6% 13.2% -10.3P 39.2 45.7 47.5 46.9 37.5 48.1 42.4 49.5 +2.6 +5.6% 5.2 3.1 **Total** Operating profit 2.0 2.9 2.7 0.3 3.9 1.4 -1.3 -48.3% 5.2% 6.4% 11.0% 5.9% 0.9% 8.2% 7.4% 2.9% -3 OP Operating Margin Copyright © 2025 Ushio Inc., All Rights Reserved 25









lossary		USHI
AI	Artificial Intelligence	
DCP	Digital Cinema Projector	
DI	Direct Imaging: An exposure technique that draws patterns directly without using a mask	
DLT	Digital Lithography Technology	
EUV	Extreme Ultraviolet Radiation	
FPD	Flat Panel Display	
OA	Office Automation	
Advanced packaging	An advanced packaging field for 2.xD and 3D integration of semiconductors, including chiplets	
	Copyright © 2025 Ushio Ir	nc., All Rights Reserved

IR Website and Email Newsletter



The investor relations portal on our website presents an array of useful information. We invite you to **register on the portal** to stay up to date with statutory disclosures, announcements, and other content through our email newsletter.





USHIO

<Disclaimer>

This report contains forward-looking statements, including earnings forecasts, which are based on information currently available to the Company and on certain assumptions deemed to be reasonable. Please be advised that actual results may differ substantially from those forward-looking statements due to various factors.



Contact:
Investor Relations Office Ushio Inc.
Email: ir@ushio.co.jp
https://www.ushio.co.jp/en/ir/